CITY OF BIGGS,

CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

~

INTRODUCTORY SECTION
City Officials I
FINANCIAL SECTION
Independent Auditor's Report 1-3
Basic Financial Statements:
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position 4 Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position 5
Fund Financial Statements:
Governmental Funds: 6 Balance Sheet 6 Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balances to the Government-Wide 7 Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities 7 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and 7 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of 6 Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities -Governmental Activities 8
Proprietary Funds: 9 Statement of Net Assets 9 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets 10 Statement of Cash Flows 11
Fiduciary Funds: Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets 12
Notes to Basic Financial Statements 13-39
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited): 40 Schedule of Funding Progress - Pension 40 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - General Fund 41 Schedule of additional required disclosures 42 Notes to Required Supplementary Information 43
Combining Nonmajor Fund Statements:
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds: 44-47 Combining Balance Sheet 44-47 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 48-51

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Nomnajor Enterprise Funds:

Combining Statement of Net Assets	53
Fiduciary Funds:	
Agency Funds:	
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	55
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	56
Other Report and Schedules:	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards 57-	-58
Schedule of Findings and Recommendations	59
Schedule of Prior Year Recommendations	60

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City Officials

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA CITY OFFICIAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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NameOfficeRoger L. FrithMayorAngela ThompsonVice-MayorDouglas ArnoldMemberMike BottorffMemberJames SheppardMember

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FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report Basic Financial Statements Required Supplementary Information Combining Nonmajor Fund Statements

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Donald R. Reynolds

Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Biggs Biggs, California

Report On the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of City of Biggs (the City), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of June 30, 2013, and the related consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

1438 Oregon Street, P.O. Box 994508 Redding, CA 96099-4508 (530) 246-2834 fax (530) 244-0331

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The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Biggs Biggs, California

Opinion

In my opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Biggs as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in net assets - budget versus actual on page 41 for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures. These additional procedures included comparing and reconciling the information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated February 13, 2014, on my consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

The budgetary comparison information and additional disclosures on pages 41 and 42, and the Schedule of Funding Progress presented on pages 40 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United Sates of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United Sates of America. Management has elected to omit the Management Discussion and Analysis. The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Biggs Biggs, California

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Donderkent

Donald R. Reynolds, CPA Redding, California February 13, 2014

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

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ASSETS		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	-	Total
Cash and investments	ş	5 1,099,887	\$	2,165,902	\$	3,265,789
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)		19,485	•	461,137	Ψ	480,622
Due from other governmental agencies		49,797		-		49,797
Interest receivable		969		-		969
Internal balances		(132,006))	131,803		(203)
Prepaid power		-		-		(405)
Loans receivable		886,328		-		886,328
Capital assets:						***,
Non-depreciable		166,152		240,478		406,630
Depreciable, net		3,559,915		6,811,410		10,371,325
Total capital assets		3,726,067		7,051,888		10,777,955
Total Assets	\$	5,650,527	\$	9,810,730	\$	15,461,257
LIABILITIES				·		
Accounts payable		27,906		61,657		89,563
Accrued salaries and benefits		3,248		,		3,248
Retention payable		-		-		-
Accrued interest payable		3,250		44,053		. 47,303
Deposits payable		-		82,960		82,960
Unearned revenue		886,348				886,348
Long-term liabilities:						000,070
Due within one year		5,813		93,086		98,899
Due in more than one year		282,777		3,982,869		4,265,646
Total Liabilities		1,209,342		4,264,625		5,473,967
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		3,437,477		3,023,488		6,460,965
Restricted for:						
Grants, taxes, and fees		-		-		-
Energy scheduling services		• -		766,095		766,095
Unrestricted		1,003,708		1,756,522		2,760,230
Total Net Position	\$	4,441,185	\$	5,546,105	\$	9,987,290

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

						Program Revenues
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	Charges for Services			Operating Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	235,981	\$	36,290	\$	-
Public ways and facilities		334,562		18,828		101,886
Public protection		263,504		1,640		174,475
Culture and recreation		63,487		-		-
Community development		23,480		27,179		-
Interest on long-term debt		17,050	_	-		-
Total Governmental Activities	_	938,064	_	83,937		276,361
Business-type activities:						
Sewer		559,142		289,532		-
Electric		1,978,430		2,496,037		-
Water		488,475		448,306		-
Solid Waste		151,685		157,454		-
Total Business-Type Activities	_	3,177,732	-	3,391,329		
Total	\$	4,115,796	\$	3,475,266	\$ =	276,361

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Franchise taxes

Property transfer taxes

Grants and contributions - unrestricted

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Prior period adjustment

Net Position - Beginning, Restated

Net Position - Ending

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities	. . _	Business Type Activities		Total
3	-	\$	(199,691)	\$	-	\$	(199,691)
	11,824	•	(202,024)	•	-	•	(202,024)
	-		(87,389)		-		(87,389)
	-		(63,487)		-		(63,487)
	-		3,699		-		3,699
	-		(17,050)		-		(17,050)
	11,824	-	(565,942)				(565,942)
	-		-		(269,610)		(269,610)
	-		-		517,607		517,607
	-		-		(40,169)		(40,169)
	-	_	-		5,769		5,769
	-		-		213,597		213,597
	11,824	-	(565,942)	-	213,597		(352,345)
			160,843				1/0 040
			29,151 13,281 3,296		-		160,843 29,151 13,281 3,296
			29,151 13,281 3,296 72,147				29,151 13,281 3,296 86,729
			29,151 13,281 3,296 72,147 1,742		44,997		29,151 13,281 3,296 86,729 46,739
			29,151 13,281 3,296 72,147 1,742 1,830		44,997 64,912		29,151 13,281 3,296 86,729
		_	29,151 13,281 3,296 72,147 1,742 1,830 214,552	-	44,997 64,912 (214,552)		29,151 13,281 3,296 86,729 46,739 66,742
			29,151 13,281 3,296 72,147 1,742 1,830	-	44,997 64,912		29,151 13,281 3,296 86,729 46,739
			29,151 13,281 3,296 72,147 1,742 1,830 214,552 496,842	- - - \$	44,997 64,912 (214,552) (90,061) 123,536		29,151 13,281 3,296 86,729 46,739 66,742
			29,151 13,281 3,296 72,147 1,742 1,830 214,552 496,842 (69,100)	- - \$	44,997 64,912 (214,552) (90,061) 123,536		29,151 13,281 3,296 86,729 46,739 66,742
			29,151 13,281 3,296 72,147 1,742 1,830 214,552 496,842 (69,100) 4,544,730	- - \$	44,997 64,912 (214,552) (90,061) 123,536 5,219,249	\$	29,151 13,281 3,296 86,729 46,739 66,742

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Financial Statements

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2013

ASSETS	General Fund	 Other Governmental Funds	. .	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 728,260	\$ 371,627	\$	1,099,887
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	4,322	15,163		19,485
Due from other governmental agencies	49,797	-		49,797
Interest receivable	969	·		969
Due from other funds	-	· -		-
Loans receivable		886,328		886,328
Total Assets	\$ 783,348	\$ 1,273,118	\$	2,056,466
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 27,883	\$ 3,273	\$	31,156
Accrued salaries and benefits	3,248	-		3,248
Deposits payable	-	-		-
Due to other funds	-	132,006		132,006
Unearned revenue		886,348		886,348
Total Liabilities	31,131	1,021,627		1,052,758
FUND BALANCES				
Reserved for:				
Loans receivable	-	· _		-
Unreserved, reported in:	-	-		-
General fund	-	-		-
Designated	-	-		-
Undesignated	283,265	-		283,265
Special revenue funds Undesignated	468,952	251,491		720,443
Total Fund Balances	752,217	251,491		1,003,708
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 783,348	\$ 1,273,118	\$	2,056,466

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES June 30, 2013

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,003,708
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheets.		3,726,067
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore, are not reported in the funds or are reported as deferred in the governmental funds.		
Accounts receivable		(5,232)
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not accrued as a liablity in the governmental funds balance sheets.		×
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Loans payable OPEB liability Compensated absences	_	(260,000) (3,160) (20,198)
Net Position of Governmental Activities:	\$ =	4,441,185

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

REVENUES	_	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total
Taxes and assessments	\$	126,111	s	69,656	\$	195,767
Licenses and permits		8,468		-		8,468
Fines and forfeitures		174		-		174
Use of money		1,013		697		1,710
Intergovernmental		284,570		66,933		351,503
Charges for services		24,155		4,911		29,066
Other revenues		45,123		41,225		86,348
Total Revenues		489,614		183,422		673,036
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		202,671		18,687		221,358
Public ways and facilities		98,242		215,588		313,830
Public protection		247,176		-		247,176
Culture and recreation		59,553		-		59,553
Community development		-		22,025		22,025
Debt service:						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest and other charges		17,050		-		17,050
Capital outlay						
Total Expenditures		624,692		256,300		880,992
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(135,078)		(72,878)		(207,956)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		214,552		14,400		228,952
Transfers out		(14,400)		-		(14,400)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		200,152		14,400		214,552
Net Change in Fund Balances		65,074		(58,478)		6,596
Fund Balances - Beginning		697,423	\$	334,134	s	1,031,557
Prior period adjustment		(10,280)	·	(24,165)		(34,445)
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated		687,143		309,969		997,112
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	752,217	\$	251,491	\$	1,003,708

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds.	\$	6,596
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capital outlay Depreciation expense		- (110,229)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of Net Position.		
Principal retirements		4,000
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities will not be collected for several months after the City's year end and do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		
Change in accounts receivable Change in deferred revenue		22,063
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in OPEB liability Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest on long-term debt	_	- 8,570 (100)
Change In Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ _	(69,100)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2013

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5 uno 50, 2015	<u></u>	Business-Type Activities -						
A COPTO		Sewer		Electric				
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	52,220	\$	1,915,246				
Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Due from other funds		54,152		305,470				
Prepaid power		-		726,591				
Total Current Assets	-		-					
	-	106,372	-	2,947,307				
Noncurrent Assets								
Capital assets: Non-depreciable		022.200		H 1 5 0				
Depreciable, net		233,320		7,158				
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	984,174		849,457				
	-	1,217,494		856,615				
Total Assets	\$	1,323,866	\$ =	3,803,922				
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	39,175	\$	17,082				
Accrued interest payable		6,918		-				
Retention payable		-		-				
Deposits payable		-		82,960				
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		573,802		-				
Compensated absences		-		-				
Loans payable		6,417 12,100		5,296				
Total Current Liabilities	-		-	-				
	-	638,412	_	105,338				
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated absences		5 (10						
OPEB liability		5,618		7,546				
Loans payable		3,277 621,300		2,932				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	630,195	_	10.479				
Total Liabilities	-	1,268,607		<u> </u>				
NET POSITION	-		_	110,010				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		584,094		856,615				
Restricted for:		00 (30) 1		000,015				
Energy scheduling services		-		766,095				
Unrestricted		(528,835)		2,065,396				
Total Net Position	\$	55,259	\$	3,688,106				
	` =		. –	2,000,100				

Enterprise Funds										
			Other							
	NRJ. /		Enterprise							
	Water	<u> </u>	Funds		Total					
\$	191,200	\$	7,236	\$	2,165,902					
	74,789		26,726		461,137					
	-		-		726,591					
	265,989	-	33,962		3,353,630					
					240 479					
	4,977,779		-		240,478 6,811,410					
	4,977,779	-	-		7,051,888					
\$	5,243,768	\$ _	33,962	\$	10,405,518					
	·									
\$	4,898	\$	502	\$	61,657					
	37,135		-		44,053					
	-				-					
	- 20,986		-		82,960					
	- 20,980		-		594,788					
	6,173		-		17,886					
	63,100		-		75,200					
	132,292	_	502		876,544					
	5,840		1,515		20,519					
	2,650		291		9,150					
	3,331,900		-		3,953,200					
	3,340,390	_	1,806		3,982,869					
_	3,472,682	_	2,308		4,859,413					
	1,582,779		-		3,023,488					
	-		-		766,095					
	188,307		31,654		1,756,522					
\$	1,771,086	\$	31,654	\$	5,546,105					
		-								

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Business-Type Activities -

		Sewer	-	Electric
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$	289,532	<u>\$</u>	2,496,037
Total Operating Revenues		289,532		2,496,037
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel costs		132,263		139,629
Utilities		3,949		-
Supplies		66,526		8,867
Maintenance and operations		91,954		340,738
Contractual services		186,526		1,394,277
Depreciation		40,138		47,571
Other expense		7,984		47,348
Total Operating Expenses		529,340		1,978,430
Operating Income (Loss)		(239,808)		517,607
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		2,611		36,208
Intergovernmental revenues		-		14,582
Other revenues		90		64,415
Interest expense		(29,802)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(27,101)		115,205
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(266,909)		632,812
Transfers in		4,000		67,562
Transfers out		(4,000)		(274,114)
Change in Net Position		(266,909)		426,260
Total Net Position - Beginning		118,848		3,261,846
Prior period adjustment		203,320		-
Total Net Position - Beginning, Restated	•	322,168		3,261,846
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	55,259	\$	3,688,106

Enterprise Funds							
			Other				
			Enterprise				
	Water	-	Funds	-	Total		
<u>\$</u>	448,306	<u>\$</u>	157,454	<u>\$</u>	3,391,329		
	448,306		157,454		3,391,329		
	129,361		15,638		416,891		
	8,348		-		12,297		
	20,566		-		95,959		
-	52,075		5,629		490,396		
	4,298		129,048		1,714,149		
	107,300		· -		195,009		
	16,517		1,370		73,219		
_	338,465		151,685		2,997,920		
_	109,841		5,769		393,409		
			1,804		44,997		
	4,374		1,004		14,582		
	407		-		64,912		
	(150,010)		-		(179,812)		
	(145,229)		1,804		(55,321)		
	(35,388)		7,573		338,088		
_	120,000				191,562		
	(120,000)		(8,000)		(406,114)		
	(35,388)		(427)		123,536		
•	1,806,474		32,081		5,219,249		
	-,,				203,320		
	1,806,474		32,081		5,422,569		
\$	1,771,086	\$	31,654	\$	5,546,105		
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The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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FOR THE TEAK ENDED JONE 30, 2013		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		Sewer	_	Electric		Water
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$	281,186	s	2,491,918	s	448,469
Payments to suppliers	•	(480,908)	4	(1,788,985)		(162,092)
Payments to employees		(130,384)	_	(136,321)		(127,504)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(330,106)	-	566,612		158,873
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Grants and other receipts		-		78,997		-
Transfers to other funds		6,783		(248,788)		10,532
Interfund loans repaid		373,802		(526,591)		•
Interfund loans received Interfund loans made		(200,000)		-		-
			-			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		180,585		(696,382)		10,532
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			-			
Acquisition of capital assets		1				
Principal paid on capital debt		(12,500)		-		(45,000)
Interest paid on capital debt		(12,300)				(150,500)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related						(150,500)
Financing Activities		(42,301)	_			(195,500)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends		2,611		36,208		4,374
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		2,611		36,208		4,374
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(189,211)		(93,562)		(21,721)
Balances - Beginning of the Year		48,124		1,966,572		202,060
Balances - End of the Year	\$	(141,087)	\$	1,873,010	\$	180,339
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(239,808)	\$	517,607	\$	109,841
Depreciation Decrease (increase) in:		40,138		47,571		107,300
Accounts receivable		(8,346)		- (4,119)		- 163
Prepaid power Increase (decrease) in:				-		•
Accounts payable		(123,837)		(700)		(60,288)
Deposits payable		(125,057)		2,945		(00,200)
Unearned revenue						-
Compensated absences OPEB liability		1,879		- 3,308		1,857

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The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
\$	157,029 (135,798) (14,774) 6,457	\$ 3,378,602 (2,567,783) (408,983) 401,836
-	(5,846)	78,997 (237,319) (152,789) (200,000)
-	(5,846)	(511,111)

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-	1
-	(57,500)
•	(180,302)
	-
_	(237,801)

1,804	44,997
1,804	44,997
2,415	(302,079)
6,975	2,223,731
\$ 9,390 \$	1,921,652

s	5,769 \$	393,409
		195,009
	-	-
	(425)	(12,727)
	-	-
	-	-
	248	(184,577)
	-	2,813
	-	-
	864	7,908
	1	1
\$	6,457 \$	401,836

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2013

ASSETS	Agency Funds		
Cash and investments	\$	19,456	
Total Assets	\$	19,456	
LIABILITIES			
Agency obligations	\$	19,456	
Total Liabilities	\$	19,456	

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The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

REPORTING ENTITY

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the City of Biggs, (the City), all of which conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the City as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The government provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation, electric, water, and wastewater services; the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events.

As required by GAAP, the accompanying basic financial statements present the City and its component units. Component units are entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. GASB defines component units as legally separate entities that meet any one of the following tests:

The City appoints the voting majority of the board of the entity and:

is able to impose its will on the entity and/or is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the entity.

The entity is fiscally dependent upon the City.

The financial statements of the City would be misleading if data from the entity were omitted.

Based on the application of the criteria set forth by the Governmental Standards Board, management has determined that there are not component units of the City.

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reporting Entity, Continued

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues as available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales tax which has a ninety day availability period. Expenditures

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

Property taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy tax, grants, licenses, fees, charges and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a statement of net assets. The City's fiduciary funds represent agency funds and a Private-purpose Trust Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate sell-balancing set of accounts for its assets, other debits, liabilities, other credits, equity, revenue and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

Governmental Funds - Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

Basis of Presentation, Continued

Enterprise Funds - account for operations (1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City has elected to follow GASB pronouncements, and not Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements after 1989, as presented by GASB Statement Number 20.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds - used to account for assets held by a governmental unit as an agent for individuals, governmental entities (other than the City) and non-public organizations. This fund is used to account for deposits and collects monies for various community events which are remitted to the organizers.

Private-purpose Trust Fund - is a fiduciary fund type used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in pension trust funds or investment trust funds, under which principal and interest benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Major Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for through other funds. For the City, the General Fund includes such activities as public safety, community development, and recreation and culture services.

The SR2S Improvement fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures related to Safe Routes to School.

The TEA 2005 Improvement Project fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures related to Transportation Enhancement Act monies.

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation, Continued

Major Funds (Continued)

The HOME Grant fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures related to HOME program income.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer fund is an enterprise fund used to account for activity related to providing customers with sewer service and billing for service provided by the City.

The Electric fund is an enterprise fund used to account for activity related to providing customers with electricity service and billing for service provided by the City.

The Water fund is an enterprise fund used to account for activity related to providing customers with water service and billing for service provided by the City.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's business type activities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Cash and Investments

The City pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity Cash and Investments

Cash and Investments (Continued)

accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. State statutes authorize the City to invest its cash surplus in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, corporate bonds, medium term notes, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund. Investment income from pooled investments is allocated to all funds in the pool. Interest is allocated on the basis of average daily cash balance at quarter end in relation to the total pool investments. The interest income is recorded in the fund that earned the interest, except for those funds which have a negative cash balance and are excluded from the interest apportionment.

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value which is determined using selected bases annually. Short term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value. Managed funds not listed on an established market are reported at the estimated fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted sales prices of the underlying securities.

General Receivables and Property Taxes Receivable

The City records an allowance for doubtful accounts on general accounts receivable based on the experience method.

Butte County assesses properties, bills, collects, and distributes property taxes to the City. The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on July 1. Secured property taxes become a lien on real property on January 1 of the preceding fiscal year.

Secured property tax is due in two installments, on November 1 and March 1. Property taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1, and becomes delinquent on August 31. The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed.

The City records an allowance for doubtful accounts based on past experience. The allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2013 are Sewer fund \$252, Electric fund \$2,911, Water fund \$399, and Solid Waste \$172.

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, Continued Capital Assets, Continued

Inventories

Inventories are valued at estimated cost at year-end. All inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory when items are purchased and as expenditures when the items are used (the consumption method of accounting for inventories). The weighted average method is used for establishing the cost of inventory consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Depreciable Asset	Estimated Lives
Equipment	5-20 years
Structures and improvements	60 years
Infrastructure	30-60 years

Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Pension Plan

All full-time and certain part-time City employees are members of the State of California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The City's policy is to fund all pension costs accrued; such costs to be funded are determined annually as of June 30 by the PERS's actuary.

Continued on following page.

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, Continued

Vacation and Sick Pay

Vacation pay is vested to the employees as it accrues and is payable upon retirement or termination. Sick leave, however, does not vest to the employees and is payable only when sick leave is taken.

Unused vacation and sick leave have been accrued in the accompanying government-wide financial statements and the accompanying proprietary fund financial statements.

Deferred Revenue

In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenue is recorded for transactions for which revenues have not been earned.

In the fund financial statements, deferred revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records deferred revenues when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which does not materially differ from the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, Continued

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The City of Biggs sponsors, under a defined benefit plan, retiree healthcare plan to qualifying employees retiring directly from the City. The benefit level is determined by date of hire and length of service and bargaining agreements. The City has contracted for medical coverage to be provided through an agent multiple-employer CaIPERS Healthcare (PEMHCA) plan.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications; restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed ordinances of the City Council -the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City Council 's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council and City Manager have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds. (Continued on the following page)

NOTE 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, Continued

Fund Equity (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, the unrestricted resources-committed, assigned, and unassigned-in order as needed.

Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, fund equity is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Tap and similar fees have been reported as non-operating revenues in the City's statement of revenue expense and changes in net position for proprietary funds and as capital grants and contributions in the statement of activities and changes in net position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

New Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. This Statement modifies existing requirements for the assessment of potential component units in determining what should be included in the financial reporting entity and financial reporting entity display and disclosure requirements. The requirements of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 62

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* This Statement directly incorporates the applicable guidance from Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Committee on Accounting Procedure, issued on or before November 30, 1989, into the state and local government accounting and financial reporting standards, with the provisions modified, as appropriate, to recognize the effects of the governmental environment and the needs of governmental financial statement users without affecting the substance of the applicable guidance.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.* This Statement provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. It also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position, or the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. As implied above, this Statement changes the previous classification of net assets to net position, and consequently the statement of net assets to the statement of net position.

Restatement of Net Position

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, GASB Statements No. 60 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements and No. 62 Codification of Accounting and

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

New Pronouncements, Continued

Restatement of Net Position

Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements ("the Statements") were implemented. The City had no contracts that, considering the implementation of Statement No. 60, were previously reported at their gross value and had to be discounted to their present value. The City had no service concession arrangements, and therefore no identifiable intangible assets relating to them. The implementation of Statement No. 62 resulted in the City's government-wide net position as of June 30, 2012, being restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net assets at June 30, 2012, as previously reported GASB Statement No. 60 adjustment:	\$ 10,706,815
Service concession arrangement GASB Statement No. 62 adjustment:	None
Capital lease additions	None
Net position at July 1, 2012, as restated	\$ <u>10,706,815</u>

Deficit Fund Balance/Net Assets

The financial statements reflect the following deficit fund balances at June 30, 201	3:	
Sewer Capital Improvement Fund	3	921,171
HOME 2007 Grant Fund	5	226
Sixth Street Bridge Fund	3	101,155
08-PTAE-5403 CDBG Fund	3	1,592
ADA City Library Fund	3	19,284
Veterans Hall Rehabilitation Fund	5	11,079
WWTP Phase 1	, }	22,703

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES

Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the City's cash and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Primary government	\$ 3,265,789
Agency funds	<u>19,456</u>
Total Cash and Investments	\$ <u>3,285,245</u>

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES (Continued)

Cash and Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2013, the City's cash and investments consisted of the following:

Cash:

Cash on hand Deposits (less outstanding checks)	\$ _ <u>1,68</u>	400 <u>89,490</u>
Total Cash	1,68	<u>89,890</u>
As of June 30, 2013, the City's investments consisted of the following:		
Investments: In City's pool	1,5	<u>95,355</u>

Total Cash and Investments

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposits (including amount in checking accounts and money market accounts) was \$1,670,191 and the bank balance was \$1,707,712. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit.

1,595,355

\$ 3,285,245

Custodial Credit Risk For Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that deposits in banks must meet the requirements of the California Government Code. Under this code, deposits of more than \$250,000 must be collateralized at 105 percent to 150 percent of the value of the deposit to guarantee the safety of the public funds. The first \$250,000 of the City's deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits of more than the \$250,000 insured amount are collateralized. The City's investment policy does not further limit its deposits.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to the fair value of an investment falling due to interest rates rising. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. All investments of the City are pooled with the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund. The City's investment policy generally limits investment maturities as needed to maintain adequate liquidity to meet the City's cash flow requirements and to limit its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law and City investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to the rating of A or better by Standards & Poor's or P-1 or better by Moody's Investors Service; corporate bonds to the rating of A or better by both Standards & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. No limits are placed on U.S. government agency securities and U.S. Treasuries. The City's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To mitigate the custodial credit risk the City requires that all of its managed investments be held in the name of the City. The City's investment policy does not further limit the exposure to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. State law restricts the City's investments in commercial paper to 40% of its investment pool and to 10% per issuer and corporate bonds and medium term notes to 30% of its investment pool and to 10% per issuer, and banker's acceptances to 15% of its investment pool and to 10% per issuer. The City has invested all cash, other than deposits and imprest cash, in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). At June 30, 2013, the City's investments were in compliance with concentration of credit risk State law.

Investment in Local Agency Investment Fund - The City of Biggs is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. At June 30, 2013, the City's investment position in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) was \$1,595,355. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF on that day was \$69,555,776,591. Of that amount, 94.58% is invested in non-derivative financial products and 5.42% in structured notes and asset-backed securities. The value of the pool shares in LAIF is determined on an amortized cost basis, which approximates fair value. The Local Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members designated by the State statutes, has oversight responsibility for LAIF.

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

· · ·		Balance				Adjustment	s/	Balance
	J	uly 1, 2012	2	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	J	une 30, 2013
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	152,124	\$	14,028	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 166,152
Construction in progress		-		-	-		-	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		152,124		14,028	-	<u> </u>	-	166,152
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	1	,392,777		-	-		-	1,392,777
Machinery and equipment		549,350		-	-		-	549,350
Infrastructure	2	2,704,409	_	-	-		-	2,704,409
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	2	4,646,536		-	-		-	4,646,536
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings and improvements	((382,519)		(46,544)	-		-	(429,063)
Machinery and equipment	((416,634)		(19,685)	-		-	(436,319)
Infrastructure	<u>(</u>	(176,166)		(45,073)	-		-	(221,239)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(</u>	(975,319)	_	(111,302)		<u> </u>	-	(1,086,621)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		3,671,217	-	(111,302)		<u> </u>	-	3,559,915
Total Governmental Activities, Net	\$ <u>3</u>	3,823,341	\$	(97,274)	\$	\$	-	\$ <u>3,726,067</u>

	Balance			Adjustments/	Balance	
	July 1, 2012	Additions	Retirements	Transfers J	June 30, 2013	
Business-Type Activities						
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 37,158	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 37,158	
Construction in progress		203,320	-		203,320	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	37,158	203,320	-	-	240,478	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Structures and improvements	167,000	-	-	-	167,000	
Machinery and equipment	1,631,297	-	-	-	1,631,297	
Infrastructure	7,652,122	-	-	-	7,652,122	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	9,450,419	-	_	-	9,450,419	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Structures and improvements	(77,000)	(3,750)	-	-	(80,750)	
Machinery and equipment	(706,284)	(52,635)	-	-	(758,919)	
Infrastructure	(<u>1,660,715</u>)	(138,625)	-	-	(1,799,340)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(<u>2,443,999</u>)	(195,010)	-	-	(2,639,009)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	7,006,420	(195,010)	-	-	6,811,410	
Total Business-type Activities, Net	\$ 7,043,578	\$ 8,310	\$	\$	\$ <u>7,051,888</u>	

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:		
General government	\$	27,072
Public ways and facilities		39,243
Public protection		33,017
Culture and recreation		7,954
Community development	_	2,943
Total Depreciation Expense Governmental Functions	\$_	110,229
Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:		
Sewer	\$	40,138
Electric		47,571
Water	_	107,300
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Functions	\$_	195,009

Construction in Progress:

Construction in progress for business-type activities relates primarily to work performed on water projects.

Unearned Revenue:

At June 30, 2013, the components of unearned revenue reported were as follows:

Offset to Long-Term Notes Receivable

\$ 886,328

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Long-term Debt

Long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

									Amounts
		Balance			Adj	ustments/	I	Balance	Due Within
		July 1, 201	2	Additions	Ret	tirements	June	e 30, 2013	 One Year
Governmental Activities									
Loans	\$	264,000	\$	-	\$	4,000	\$	260,000	\$ 4,000
OPEB Liability (Note 5)		3,160		-		-		3,160	-
Compensated Absences (Note 1)	-	23,726		17,981		21,509	_	20,198	1,813
Total Government Activities	\$	290,886	\$	17,981	\$	25,509	\$	283,358	\$ 5,813

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

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	Balance July 1, 2012 Ac	<u>lditions</u>	Adjustments/ <u>Retirements</u> J	Balance June 30, 2013	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Business-Type Activities					
Loans	\$ 4,085,900 \$	-	\$ 57,500	\$ 4,028,400	\$ 75,200
OPEB Liability (Note 5)	9,150	-	-	9,150	-
Compensated Absences (Note 1)	51,592	36,775	<u> </u>	38,405	17,886
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ <u>4,146,642</u> \$	36,775	\$ <u>107,462</u>	\$ <u>4,075,955</u>	\$ <u>93,086</u>

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At June 30, 2013, loans consisted of the following:

United States Department of Agriculture Loan, issued in the amount of \$160,530, dated February 9, 2000, payable in annual installments of \$1,530 to \$8,400 with an interest rate of 4.50% and maturity of	ernment ivities		iness-Type <u>ctivities</u>
September 1, 2039. Loan proceeds were used for wastewater system improvements	\$ _	\$	132,700
United States Department of Agriculture Loan, issued in the amount of \$133,000, dated February 9, 2000, payable in annual installments of \$1,700 to \$5,900, with an interest rate of 3.25% and maturity of September 1, 2039. Loan proceeds were used for wastewater system improvements.	-	·	104,600
United States Department of Agriculture Loan, issued in the amount of \$3,675,000, dated November 9, 2006, payable in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$190,000 with an interest rate of 4.375% and a maturity of April 1, 2046. Loan proceeds were used for water infrastructure rehabilitation and replacement.	-		3,395,000
United States Department of Agriculture Loan, issued in the amount of \$480,000, dated February 9, 2000, payable in annual installments of \$4,500 to \$25,000 with an interest rate of 4.50% and a maturity date of September 1, 2039. Loan proceeds were used for wastewater system improvements.	14		396,100

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

At June 30, 2013, loans consisted of the following:

	Government Activities	Business-Type Activities
United States Department of Agriculture Loan, issued		
in the amount of \$300,000, dated January 12, 2001,		
payable in annual installments of \$2,000 to \$17,000		
with an interest rate of 5.00% and maturity of		
September 1, 2040. Loan proceeds were used for		
the purchase of property for a public works facility	26 <u>0,000</u>	
Total Loans	\$ <u>260,000</u>	\$ <u>4,028,400</u>

The annual aggregate maturities for the years subsequent to June 30, 2013, are as follows:

				Loa	ans				
Year Ended		Governme	nt A	Activities	Business-T	ype	Activities		
June 30		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Total
2014	\$	4,000	\$	12,900	\$ 63,10	0 9	5 174,450	\$	254,450
2015		5,000		12,675	63,70	0	171,704		253,079
2016		5,000		12,425	69,30	0	168,932		255,657
2017		5,000		12,175	69,90	0	165,917		252,992
2018		5,000		11,925	75,60	0	162,875		255,400
2019-2020		12,000		23,000	158,10	0	315,852		508,952
2021-2025		35,000		51,825	455,90	0	725,680		1,268,405
2026-2030		44,000		42,000	568,20	0	617,350		1,271,550
2031-2035		56,000		29,500	715,60	0	480,772		1,281,872
2036-2040		72,000		13,600	885,10	0	310,528		1,281,228
2041-2045	-	17,000		425	903,90	0	118,344	-	1,039,669
Total Government Activities	\$	260,000	\$	222,450	\$ 4,028,40	<u>0</u> \$	3,412,404	\$	7,923,254

Leases

Operating Leases

Rental expenses incurred under operating leases are not considered material.

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transactions

Due To/From Other Funds

During the course of operations, transactions occur between funds to account for goods received or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from or due to other funds. In addition, when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash, the receivables and payables are also classified as due from or due to other funds. The following are due from and due to balances as of June 30, 2013:

	D	ue From	I	Due To
	<u>Oth</u>	er Funds	Oth	<u>ner Funds</u>
Electric Utility Fund	\$	726,591	\$	-
Sewer Utility Fund				373,802
Home 2007 Grant Fund				226
Sixth Street Bridge Fund				99,622
08-PTAE-8403 - CDBG				1,592
ADA City Library Fund				19,284
Veterans Hall Rehab Fund				11,079
Water Utility Fund				20,986
Sewer Improvement Fund			·	200,000
Total	\$_	726,591	\$_	726,591

Transfers

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following are the interfund transfers for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

	Transfer-Out	Transfer-In
General Fund	\$ 14,400	\$ 214,552
Sixth Street Bridge Fund	-	14,400
NCPA GOR Reserve Fund	11,237	-
CAISO Reserve Fund	-	11,237
Water Fund	120,000	-
Solid Waste Fund	8,000	-
Sewer Improvement Fund	4,000	-
Sewer Bond Fund		4,000
Water Improvement Fund	-	120,000
Electric Improvement Fund	-	56,325
Electric	262,877	
Total	\$ <u>420,514</u>	\$ <u>420,514</u>

NOTE 4: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by statute. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office — 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Funding Policy

Miscellaneous plan members are required to contribute 8 percent of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the PERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2012/2013 was 8.695 percent for miscellaneous employees. The contribution requirements of the plan are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2012/2013, the City's annual pension cost of \$36,368 for the miscellaneous plan was equal to the City's actual contributions. The required contribution for fiscal year 2012/2013 was determined as part of the June 30, 2009, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases of 3.25 percent to 14.45 percent, depending on age, service, and type of employment, and (c) 3.25 percent per year cost of living adjustment. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0 percent. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effect of short term volatility in the market value of investments over a two to five year period (smoothed market value). PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. Initial unfunded liabilities are amortized over a closed period that depends on the plan's date of entry into PERS. Subsequent plan amendments are amortized as a level percentage of pay over a closed 20 year period. The table below presents three-year trend information.

Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u>	Annual Pension <u>Cost (APC)</u>	Percentage of <u>APC Contributed</u>	Net Peı <u>Obliga</u>	
June 30, 2011	\$ 36,530	100%	\$	-
June 30, 2012	33,200	100%		-
June 30, 2013	36,368	100%		-

NOTE 4: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Since the City Miscellaneous plan has less than 100 active members in at least one valuation since June 30, 2003, it is required to participate in a risk pool and does not present individual plan funded status.

NOTE 5: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City provides a defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Retiree Health Plan"). The Retiree Health Plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees through the CaIPERS Health Benefit Program, which covers both active and retired members. Spouses are also covered throughout his or her life. The City only pays up to the required minimum employer premium contribution calculated using the unequal contribution method. Under this method, the City's contribution for the retiree is calculated by the number of years the City has participated in CaIPERS, multiplied by at least five percent (5%), and multiplied by the current employer contribution toward active employees, which is adjusted based on the medical care portion of the Consumer Price Index. Benefit provisions are established by the City Council.

Funding Policy

The City has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB 45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

GASB 45 does not require pre-funding of OPEB benefits. Therefore, the City's funding policy is to continue to pay healthcare premiums for retirees as they fall due. The City has elected not to establish an irrevocable trust at this time. The City Council reserves the authority to review and amend this funding policy annually.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The City has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement No.

NOTE 5: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over the remaining period of 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in its net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	15,514
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	_	15,514 <u>3,204</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - Beginning of year		12,310
Net OPEB obligation - End of year	\$_	12,310

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current fiscal year is as follows:

	A	Annual	Percentage of Annual OPEB	
Fiscal Year	(OPEB	Cost	Net OPEB
Ended		<u>Cost</u>	Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>
June 30, 2013	\$	15,514	21%	\$ 12,310

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2013, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$118,409, all of which was unfunded.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrences of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer as subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTE 5: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term prospective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees - Based on the historical average retirement age for the covered group, active plan members were assumed to retire at age 62, or at the first subsequent year in which the member would qualify for benefits.

Marital status - Marital status of members at the calculation date was assumed to continue throughout retirement.

Mortality - Life expectancies at the calculation date are based on the most recent mortality tables published by the National Center for Health Statistics website (<u>www.cdc.gov</u>). The calculation of OPEB liability for each year is based on the assumption that all participants will live until their expected age as displayed in the mortality tables.

Turnover - The probability that an employee will remain employed until the assumed retirement age was determined using non-group-specific age-based turnover data provided in Table 1 in paragraph 35 of GASB Statement No. 45. In addition the expected future working lifetimes of employees were determined using Table 2 in paragraph 35c of GASB Statement No. 45.

Healthcare cost trend rate - The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was set at 4%, which is within the range recommended by CaIPERS OPEB Assumption Model.

Health insurance premiums - 2009 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as a basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Payroll increase - Changes in the payroll for current employees are expected to increase at a rate of approximately 2% annually.

Discount rate - The calculation uses an annual discount rate of 3%. This is based on the assumed long-term return on plan assets or employer assets.

NOTE 5: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial cost method - The entry age actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2009, was thirty years.

<u>Plan for Funding</u>

On an ongoing basis, the City will be reviewing its assumptions, comparing them against actual experience and recalculating the needed funding with the goal of paying for postemployment benefits out of interest earned on designated funds.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities to participate in Small Cities Organized Risk Effort (SCORE) for general liability, vehicle liability, workers' compensation, crime, and errors and omissions purposes. SCORE is a public entity risk pool which serves as a common risk management and insurance program for member cities. The City pays an annual premium to SCORE for its insurance coverage. The agreements with SCORE provide that they will be self sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for excess coverage.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from their risks have not exceeded commercial insurance in any of the past three fiscal years. There is no claims liability to be reported based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The Small Cities Organized Risk Effort (SCORE) is a joint powers authority organized to provide for a banking plan whereby the member cities can share in the administrative costs of providing liability and worker's compensation insurance. The SCORE is composed of 20 member cities and is governed by a board of directors appointed by the member cities. The governing board has authority over budget and financing.

Complete audited financial statements can be obtained from SCORE offices at 3017 Gold Canal Drive #500, Rancho Cordova, California 95670-6129.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Joint Agencies

The California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA) is a joint power authority organized to provide excess coverage for its members. The CJPRMA is governed by a board of directors representing its member cities. Complete audited financial statements can be obtained from the Claims Administrator at 574 Manzanita Avenue, Suite 12, Chico, California 95926.

NOTE 7: OTHER INFORMATION

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the appreciable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Subsequent Event

Management has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2013 through December 29, 2013, the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance. Management has determined no subsequent events requiring disclosure have occurred.

Proposition IA Borrowing by the State of California

Under the provisions of Proposition 1A and as part of the 2009-10 budget package passed by the California state legislature on July 28, 2009, the State of California borrowed 8% of the amount of property tax revenue, including those property taxes associated with the in-lieu motor vehicle license fee, the triple flip in lieu sales tax, and supplemental property tax, apportioned to cities, counties and special districts (excluding redevelopment agencies). The state is required to repay this borrowing plus interest by June 30, 2013. After repayment of this initial borrowing, the California legislature may consider only one additional borrowing within a ten-year period. The amount of this borrowing pertaining to the City was \$25,744.

Authorized with the 2009-10 State budget package, the Proposition IA Securitization Program was instituted by the California Statewide Communities Development Authority ("California Communities"), a joint powers authority sponsored by the California State Association of Counties and the League of California Cities, to enable local governments to sell their Proposition 1A receivables to California Communities. Under the Securitization Program, California Communities simultaneously purchased the Proposition 1A receivables and issued bonds ("Prop 1A Bonds") to

NOTE 7: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Proposition IA Borrowing by the State of California (Continued)

provide local agencies with cash proceeds in two equal installments, on January 15, 2013 and May 3, 2013. The purchase price paid to the local agencies equaled 100% of the amount of the property tax reduction. All transaction costs of issuance and interest were paid by the State of California. Participating local agencies have no obligation on the bonds and no credit exposure to the State. The City participated in the securitization program and accordingly property taxes have been recorded in the same manner as if the State had not exercised its rights under Proposition 1A. The receivable sale proceeds were equal to the book value and, as a result, no gain or loss was recorded.

NOTE 8: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the period, the City's contract accountant reviewed the City's accrued expenses payable and determined that the health insurance liability in the general fund was understated. The error resulted in the understatement of the liability in the general fund in the amount of \$10,279. The City reclassified \$24,165 from restricted fund balance in the 1994 CDBG Fund to unearned revenues to correctly the uncollected loans receivable.

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - UNAUDITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The table below shows a one year analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll as of June 30, 2013, for the City other Postemployment Benefit Plan. As additional years are available, a three-year trend analysis will be presented.

Miscellaneous Plan:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded Liability (UAAL)	Funded Status	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
July 1, 2009	\$ 118,409	\$-	\$ 118,409	0%	\$ 429,000	27.6%

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		2		
Taxes and assessments	\$ 155,972	\$ 155,972	\$ 183,073	\$ 27,101
Licenses and permits	6,900	6,900	9,489	2,589
Fines and forfeitures	160	160	369	209
Use of money	23,885	21,885	5,090	(16,795)
Intergovernmental	256,297	256,297	384,904	128,607
Charges for services	37,400	37,400	34,150	(3,250)
Other revenues	102,060	102,060	61,861	(40,199)
Total Revenues	582,674	580,674	678,936	98,262
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	289,947	287,784	118,039	169,745
Public ways and facilities	72,731	102,231	66,670	35,561
Public protection	346,054	346,054	326,185	19,869
Culture and recreation	56,305	56,303	,55,101	1,202
Community development	66,296	66,296	62,285	4,011
Debt service	17,900	35,943	35,743	200
Total Expenditures	849,233	894,611	664,023	230,588
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(266,559)	(313,937)	14,913	328,850
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	70,533	-	135,842	135,842
Transfers out	(6,188)	-	(83,309)	(83,309)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	64,345		52,533	52,533
Net Change in Fund Balance	(202,214)	(313,937)	67,446	381,383
Fund Balance -Beginning	224,708	224,708	224,708	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 22,494	\$ (89,229)	\$ 292,154	\$ 381,383

The City of Biggs budgets for debt service principal and interest expenditures as a single item. For purposes of the budgetary comparison schedule, the debt service principal and interest expenditures have been combined as one item, debt service.

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See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULES TO FOOTNOTES BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 OTHER DISCLOSURES

SCHEDULE OF EXCESS EXPENDITURES:

				FXC	Excess
Fund	Appropriations	Expen	Expenditures	Expen	Expenditures
STIP Grant S	\$ 600	ŝ	3,366	ŝ	2,766
HOME 2007 Grant	ſ		1,887		1,887
1994 CDBG Fund			3,737		3,737
Gas Tax	17,468		19,742		2,274
CDF N. Biggs	18,131		19,485		1,354
E. McCain	Đ		36		36
S	\$ 36,199	Ś	48,253	S	12,054

SCHEDULE OF DEFICIT FUND BALANCES:

		Deficit
Fund	Fa	Fund Balance
ADA City Library	\$	(19,284)
Veterans Hall Rehab		(9,562)
Housing Element		(601)
08-PTAE-5403 CDBG		(16)
Sixth Street Bridge		(29,631)
HOME 2007 Grant		(226)
Sewer Improvement Fund		(807,061)
	\$	(865,889)

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits on Page 40, presents a consolidated snapshot of the City's ability to meet current and future liabilities with the plan assets. Of particular interest to most is the funded status ratio. This ratio conveys a plan's level of assets to liabilities, an important indicator to determine the financial health of the OPEB plan. The closer the plan is to a 100% funded status, the better position it will be in to meet all of its future liabilities.

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The approved City procedures for establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements is as follows:

In May of each year, the Finance Department is to submit to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and estimated revenues.

Public hearings are to be conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.

Generally by the first of July, after adjustment as appropriate by the City Council, the budget is to be legally enacted through council motion.

Council approval is required for transfers between funds, or for an increase in total appropriations. Therefore, the level of budgetary responsibility is by total appropriations; however, for report purposes, this level has been expanded to a functional basis (General Government, Public Safety, etc.).

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General fund, and Special Revenue funds. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant adjustments. The HOME Grant major special revenue fund did not have a legally adopted budget.

All unused appropriations for budgeted amounts lapse at the end of the year.

Individual fund budgetary comparisons are not presented at the detail budget unit level due to their excessive length. A separate document presenting this information is available.

The City does not use encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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COMBINING NONMAJOR FUND STATEMENTS

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2013

		Gas Tax	I	MPTeloper Fees		Traffic Congestion
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Loans receivable Total Assets	\$	78,567 8,554	\$	30,767	\$	-
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	87,121	\$	30,767	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	419	\$	491 	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities		419		694		
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for:						
Loans receivable Unreserved:		-		-		-
Undesignated	·	86,702		30,073		
Total Fund Balances		86,702	·	30,073		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	87,121	<u>\$</u>	30,767	\$	

CalT SR2: Gra		TEA Grant	SR2S Improvement	SB-325 'TDA Funds	Prop 1B
\$	- \$ -	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	
\$	§		<u>\$</u>	\$ 47,154	<u>\$</u>
\$	- \$ -	-	\$ - -	\$ 821	\$ - -
	- - -			821	
	-	-	-		. <u>-</u>
		-	••	46,333	
\$	- \$	-		<u>46,333</u> \$ 47,154	

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2013

	SB-620 STA Funds	STIP Exchange	TEA 2005 Improvement Project
ASSETS			
Cash and investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Loans receivable Total Assets	\$ 1,225 781	\$ 40,705 - -	\$ - - -
Total Assets	\$ 2,006	\$ 40,705	\$
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ -	\$ 9	\$
Total Liabilities	 ~	 9	
FUND BALANCES			
Reserved for: Loans receivable	-	-	-
Unreserved:			
Undesignated	2,006	40,696	-
Total Fund Balances	2,006	 40,696	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,006	\$ 40,705	\$

.

	HOME Grant		ME 2007 Frant		Sixth St Bridge	·	1982 CDBG	Mi	CDBG scellaneous
\$	45,333	\$	-	\$	-	\$	49	\$	44,950
	541,465		-		-		-		-
\$	586,798	\$		<u>\$</u>		\$	49	<u>\$</u>	44,950
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,533	\$	-	\$	-
	-		- 226		- 99,622		-		-
	541,465		-				-	_	<u> </u>
	541,465		226		101,155				
	-		-		-		-		-
	15 222		(226)		(101.155)		49		44,950
	<u>45,333</u> 45,333	••••	(226) (226)	·	(101,155) (101,155)		49		44,930
\$	<u>43,333</u> 586,798	\$	(220)	\$		\$	49	\$	44,950
Ψ	500,770	¥		Ľ		÷	·····	<u> </u>	

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2013

ASSETS	1994	CDBG	07-CDGB PTA DOW	20	DO7 PTAE
Cash and investments	\$	59,566	\$	- \$	-
Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Loans receivable Total Assets		-		-	-
Total Assets	\$	<u>118,318</u> 177,884	\$	- <u>\$</u>	
	<u> </u>	177,001	·		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Deposits payable		-		-	-
Due to other funds		-		-	-
Unearned revenue		118,338			<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	·	118,338	<u>.</u>	•	<u></u>
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved for:					
Loans receivable		-		-	-
Unreserved:					
Undesignated	<u> </u>	59,546		<u> </u>	
Total Fund Balances		59,546		-	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	177,884	\$	- \$	

08-PTAE-\$403 CDBG	Housing Element		ADA City Library		0				01-5	STBG-1797
\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,139		
-		-		-		-		226,545		
<u>\$</u>	\$	-	<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u>	255,684		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
1,592		-		- 19,284		- 11,079		226,545		
1,592	<u></u>		.			. 11,079		226,545		
						-				
-			-			-		-		
(1,592)		-		(19,284)		(11,079)		29,139		
(1,592)		-		(19,284)		(11,079)		29,139		
\$	\$		<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	255,684		

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2013

	2005 C	DBG		Totals
ASSETS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Cash and investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Loans receivable Total Assets	\$	-	\$	371,627 15,163 886,328
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>		\$	1,273,118
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$	- -	\$	3,273 - 132,006
Unearned revenue Total Liabilities				886,348 1,021,627
FUND BALANCES				
Reserved for: Loans receivable Unreserved:		-		-
Undesignated Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u> </u>		\$	251,491 251,491 1,273,118
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>.</u>	

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Gas Tax	IMPT Fe	eloper es	Traffic Congestion
REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments	\$	47,558	\$	22,098	\$ -
Use of money		151		62	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services		-		-	-
Other revenues		-		- 18,828	-
Total Revenues		47,709		40,988	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		-		18,687	-
Public ways and facilities		34,400		18,694	-
Public protection Culture and recreation		-		-	-
Community development		-		-	-
Capital outlay		-		-	-
Total Expenditures		34,400		37,381	
Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures		13,309		3,607	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in				_	-
Transfers out		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		·		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	13,309		3,607	-
Fund Balances - Beginning Prior period adjustment		73,393		26,466	-
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated		73,393		26,466	-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	86,702	<u>\$</u>	30,073	<u>\$</u> -

CalTrans SR2S #4 Grant	TEA Grant	SR2S Improvement	SB-325 TDA Funds
\$	- \$ - -	-\$	\$ 74 46,989
		<u> </u>	47,063
-		 	41,372
			41,372
			5,691
		<u> </u>	 5,691 40,642
	\$		40,642 \$ 46,333

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Intergovernmental - 8,120 Charges for services - - Other revenues - - Total Revenues - - Total Revenues - - EXPENDITURES - - Current: - - - General government - - - Public ways and facilities - 6,132 14 Public protection - - - Current: - - - Cuture and recreation - - - Culture and recreation - - - Community development - - - Capital outlay - - - Total Expenditures - - - Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (6) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers out - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - <t< th=""><th>FOR THE TEAK ENDED JUNE 30, 2013</th><th>Prop</th><th>1B</th><th>SB-620 STA Funds</th><th>STIP Exchange</th></t<>	FOR THE TEAK ENDED JUNE 30, 2013	Prop	1B	SB-620 STA Funds	STIP Exchange
Use of money 7 Intergovernmental - 8,120 Charges for services	REVENUES				
Intergovernmental - 8,120 Charges for services - - Other revenues - - Total Revenues - - Total Revenues - - EXPENDITURES - - Current: - - - General government - - - Public ways and facilities - 6,132 14 Public protection - - - Current: - - - Cuture and recreation - - - Culture and recreation - - - Community development - - - Capital outlay - - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (6) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers out - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - -		\$	- \$	-	\$ -
Charges for services - - Other revenues - 8,120 7 EXPENDITURES - 8,120 7 EXPENDITURES - 8,120 7 EXPENDITURES - 8,120 7 EXPENDITURES - - 7 Current: - - - General government - - - Public ways and facilities - 6,132 14 Public protection - - - Current: - - - - Current: - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>77</td></t<>			-	-	77
Other revenues - - - - - 7 EXPENDITURES - - 8,120 7 EXPENDITURES - - - 7 Current: - - - - 7 Public ways and facilities - - - - - 14 Public ways and facilities - 6,132 14 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>8,120</td><td>-</td></td<>			-	8,120	-
Total Revenues - 8,120 7 EXPENDITURES Current: General government - - Public ways and facilities - 6,132 14 Public protection - - - Culture and recreation - - - Community development - - - Capital outlay - - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (6) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers in - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - 1,988 (6) - - Net Change in Fund Balances - 18 40,765 - - Puiot Balances - Beginning -			-	· -	-
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public ways and facilities Public yrotection Current: Quitter and recreation Community development Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated		+	<u> </u>	-	. <u> </u>
Current: - - - Public ways and facilities - 6,132 14 Public protection - - - Culture and recreation - - - Culture and recreation - - - Community development - - - Capital outlay - - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (6) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers in - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - 1,988 (6) - - Fund Balances - Beginning - 18 40,763 - - Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated - 18 40,763 -	Total Revenues			8,120	77
General government - - Public ways and facilities - 6,132 14 Public protection - - - Culture and recreation - - - Community development - - - Capital outlay - - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 144 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 6,132 144 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (69 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers in - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - 1,988 (69 - - - Fund Balances - Beginning - 18 40,763 - - - Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated - 18 40,763 - - -	EXPENDITURES				
Public ways and facilities - 6,132 14 Public protection - - - Culture and recreation - - - Community development - - - Capital outlay - - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (6) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers in - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - 1,988 (6) Fund Balances - Beginning - 18 40,763 Prior period adjustment - - - Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated - 18 40,763	Current:				
Public protection - - Culture and recreation - - Community development - - Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 14 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (6) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers in - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - 1,988 (6) Fund Balances - Beginning - 18 40,765 Prior period adjustment - - - Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated - 18 40,765	General government		-	-	-
Culture and recreation - - Community development - - Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 144 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 6,132 144 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 6,132 144 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - 6,132 144 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) -			-	6,132	146
Community development - - Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 144 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (69 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers in - - - Transfers out - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - 1,988 (69 Fund Balances - Beginning - 18 40,763 Prior period adjustment - - - Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated - 18 40,763			-	-	-
Capital outlay - - - Total Expenditures - 6,132 144 Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (69 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Transfers in - - - - - Transfers out - - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) -			-	-	-
Total Expenditures-6,132144Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures-1,988(69OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in Transfers outTotal Other Financing Sources (Uses)Net Change in Fund Balances-1,988(69Fund Balances - Beginning-1840,769Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated-1840,769			-	-	-
Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures - 1,988 (69 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>					-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - Transfers out - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Net Change in Fund Balances - Fund Balances - Beginning - Prior period adjustment - Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated -	-	+		•	146
Transfers in-Transfers out-Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Net Change in Fund Balances-Fund Balances - Beginning-Prior period adjustment-Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated-1840,765	Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures			1,988	(69)
Transfers out - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - Net Change in Fund Balances - 1,988 (69 Fund Balances - Beginning - 18 40,765 Prior period adjustment - - - Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated - 18 40,765	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)Net Change in Fund Balances-1,988(69Fund Balances - Beginning-1840,765Prior period adjustmentFund Balances - Beginning, Restated-1840,765	Transfers in		-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances-1,988(69Fund Balances - Beginning-1840,769Prior period adjustmentFund Balances - Beginning, Restated-1840,769	Transfers out	·	-	-	
Fund Balances - Beginning-1840,76:Prior period adjustmentFund Balances - Beginning, Restated-1840,76:	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-
Fund Balances - Beginning-1840,76:Prior period adjustmentFund Balances - Beginning, Restated-1840,76:	Net Change in Fund Balances			1,988	(69)
Prior period adjustment - - Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated - 18	Fund Balances - Beginning		-		40,765
	Prior period adjustment		-		-
	Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated		-	18	40,765
- φ - φ 40.090 Juliung φ - φ 40.090 - φ	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	- \$	2,006	\$ 40,696

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TEA 2005 Improvement Project	<i>J</i> , <u>1</u> , 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	HOME Grant	HOME 2007 Grant	Sixth St Bridge		
\$	· \$	-	\$ -	\$-		
	•	85	-	-		
	•	-	· -	11,824		
	•	- 810	-	-		
	<u> </u>	895		11,824		
	•					
		-	-	-		
-		-	-	114,844		
-		-	-	-		
-	•	-	-	-		
-		-	-	-		
	• •			114,844		
		895		(103,020		
				·		
-		-	• -	14,400		
				14,400		
	<u> </u>	895		(88,620)		
-	,	44,438	(226)			
-						
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	44,438	(226)	(12,535		
\$ -	\$	45,333	\$ (226)			

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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	1982 CD	3G	1986 HUD	CDBG Miscellaneous	
REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments	\$	- 9	\$ -	\$	-
Use of money		-	-		100
Intergovernmental		-	-		-
Charges for services		-	-		-
Other revenues	.				178
Total Revenues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				278
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		~	-		-
Public ways and facilities		-	-		-
Public protection		-	-		-
Culture and recreation		-	-		-
Community development		-	-		15,028
Capital outlay		<u> </u>			
Total Expenditures					15,028
Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-	(14,750)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				·	
Transfers in		-	-		-
Transfers out		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	•		-		(14,750)
Fund Balances - Beginning		49	-		59,700
Prior period adjustment		-	-		
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated		49		-	59,700
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	49 \$		\$	44,950
		<u> </u>		<u>×</u>	313250

1994 CDBG		07-CDBG PTA DOW	2007 PTAE	08-PTAE-5403 CDBG		
\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
	112	-	-	-		
	4,911		-	-		
	-		• •			
	5,023					
	· -	-	-	-		
	-	-	-	-		
	-	-	-	-		
	- 6,997	-	-	-		
	0,997	-	н	•		
	6,997	<u> </u>				
	(1,974)					
	(1,7/4)			·		
	-	-	-	-		
	-					
	(1,974)	-	-	-		
	85,685	-	-	(1,592		
	(24,165)		-			
	61,520	-	-	(1,592		
\$	59,546	\$ -	\$	\$ (1,592		

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Housing Element	ADA City Library	Veteran's Hall Rehab
REVENUES			
Taxes and assessments	\$	- \$ -	\$ -
Use of money			-
Intergovernmental			-
Charges for services Other revenues			-
Total Revenues			
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government			-
Public ways and facilities			-
Public protection			-
Culture and recreation			-
Community development			-
Capital outlay			
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>		<u></u>
Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures	<u> </u>		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in			-
Transfers out			-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances			-
Fund Balances - Beginning		- (19,284)	(11,079)
Prior period adjustment		•	
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated		- (19,284)	(11,079)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	- \$ (19,284	

01-STBG	-1797	2005 CDBG	Totals
\$	_	\$ -	\$ 69,656
ф.	36	Ψ	697
	-	-	- 66,933
	-	-	4,911
	21,409	-	41,225
	21,445		183,422
			18,687
	-	-	215,588
	-	-	213,300
	-	-	-
	-	-	22,025
	-	-	
			256,300
	21,445		· (72,878)
		<u>kan - 1000</u>	
	-	-	14,400
			14,400
	21,445		(58,478)
	7,694	_	334,134
	7,024	-	(24,165)
	7,694		309,969
¢ .		\$	\$ 251,491
\$	29,139	မှ <u>~</u>	φ μ31,491

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NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND - SOLID WASTE June 30, 2013

		Solid Waste	Totals		
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	7,236	\$	7,236	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)		26,726	·	26,726	
Total Current Assets		33,962		33,962	
. Total Assets	\$	33,962	\$	33,962	
LIABILITIES			•		
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	502	\$ ·	502	
Due to other funds		-		-	
Compensated absences					
Total Current Liabilities		502		502	
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Compensated absences		1,515		1,515	
OPEB liability		291		291	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	1,806		1,806	
Total Liabilities		2,308	.	2,308	
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted		31,654		31,654	
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	31,654	\$	31,654	

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND - SOLID WASTE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Solid Waste		Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES				,
Charges for services	\$	157,454	\$	157,454
Total Operating Revenues		157,454	•	157,454
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel cost		15,638		15,638
Supplies		-		-
Maintenance and operations		5,629		5,629
Contractual services		129,048		129,048
Other		1,370	•	1,370
Total Operating Expenses		151,685		151,685
Operating income (Loss)	•	5,769		5,769
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		1,804		1,804
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		1,804		1,804
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	·	7,573		7,573
Transfers in		-		-
Transfers out		(8,000)		(8,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,000)		(8,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(427)		(427)
Total Net Position - Beginning		32,081		32,081
Prior period adjustment		-		₩.
Total Net Position - Beginning, Restated		32,081		32,081
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	31,654	\$	31,654

53

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND - SOLID WASTE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Solid Waste	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	\$	157,029	\$ 157,029
Payments to suppliers		(135,798)	(135,798)
Payments to employees		(14,774)	 (14,774)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	. <u> </u>	6,457	 6,457
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers to other funds		(5,846)	(5,846)
Interfund loans repaid		-	-
Interfund loans received	-		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(5,846)	 (5,846)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest and dividends		1,804	 13
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		1,804	 13
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,415	624
Balances - Beginning of the Year		6,975	 6,975
Balances - End of the Year	\$	9,390	\$ 9,390
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,769	\$ 5,769
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activiites			
Decrease (increase) in:			
Accounts receivable		(425)	(425)
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable		248	248
Compensated absences		864	864
OPEB liability		1	 1
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	6,457	\$ 6,457

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

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CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2013

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÷	'39 Fire Truck		Developer Fees		Total Agency Funds		
ASSETS				•	-	· · · · · · · · ·	
Cash and investments	\$	3,008	<u>\$</u>	16,448	\$	19,456	
Total Assets	\$	3,008	\$	16,448	\$	19,456	
LIABILITIES							
Agency obligations	\$	3,008	<u>\$</u>	16,448	\$	19,456	
Total Liabilities	\$	3,008	\$	16,448	\$	19,456	

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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	Balance June 30, 2012	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2013	
'39 Fire Truck					
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 3,162	\$	\$ (160) -	\$ 3,008	
Total Assets	\$ 3,162	\$ 6	\$ (160)	\$ 3,008	
LIABILITIES					
Agency obligations	\$ 3,162	<u>\$6</u>	<u>\$ (160</u>)	\$ 3,008	
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,162	<u>\$6</u>	<u>\$ (160)</u>	\$ 3,008	
Developer Fees					
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 16,416 -	\$ 32	\$	\$ 16,448 -	
Total Assets	\$ 16,416	\$ 32	<u>\$</u>	\$ 16,448	
LIABILITIES					
Agency obligations	<u>\$ 16,416</u>	<u>\$ 32</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 16,448	
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 16,416</u>	<u>\$ 32</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 16,448</u>	

OTHER REPORTS AND SCHEDULES

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS .

Donald R Reynolds Certified P bls Accountant

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Biggs Biggs, California

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Biggs, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated February 13, 2014. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

1438 Oregon Street, P.O. Box 994508 Redding, CA 96099-4508 (530) 246-2834 fax (530) 244-0331

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Biggs Biggs, California

I identified certain other deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I did not consider to be material weaknesses that I have reported in my letter to management dated February 13, 2014.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The City's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations. I did not audit the City's responses, and accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Donald R. Reynolds, CPA Redding, California February 13, 2014

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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NONE

CITY OF BIGGS, CALIFORNIA STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NONE